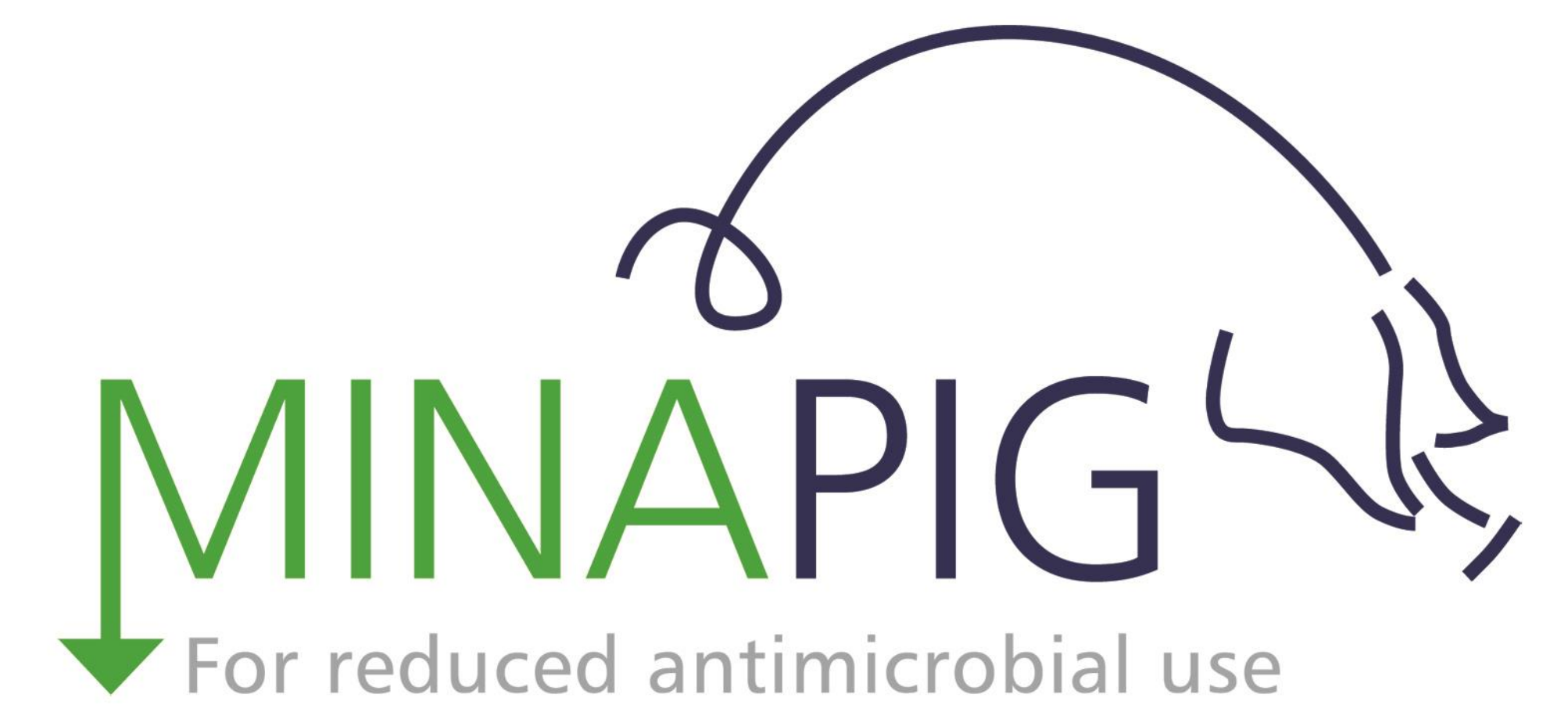


Associations between biosecurity level and production and management characteristics in pig production in four EU countries



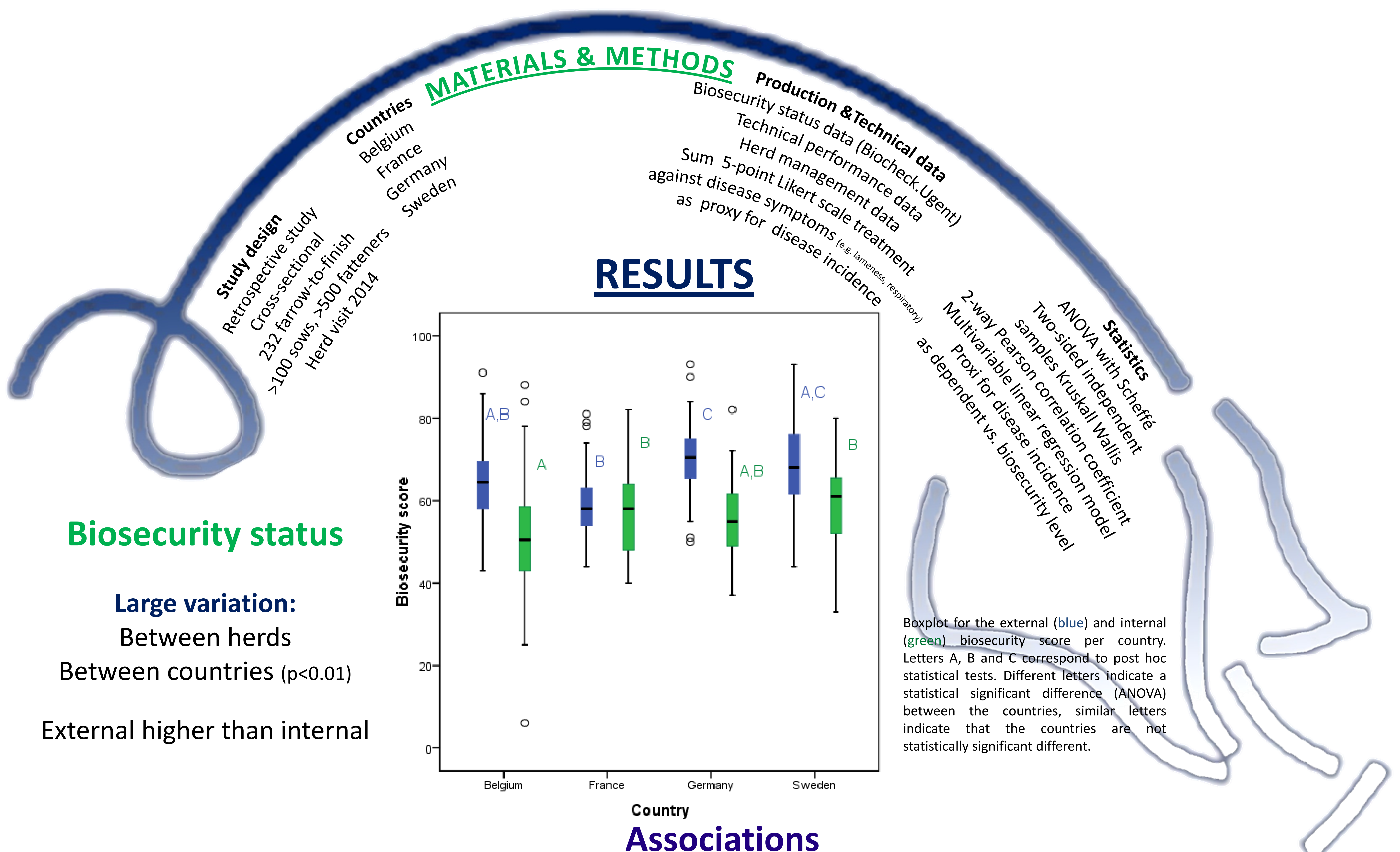
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HYPOTHESIS: BIOSECURITY MEASURES → DISEASE PREVENTION → IMPROVED HEALTH STATUS → REDUCED NECESSITY ANTIMICROBIALS

RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

**SIMILAR LEVEL OF IMPLEMENTATION OF BIOSECURITY IN 4 EU COUNTRIES?
WHICH ASSOCIATIONS ARE THERE BETWEEN BIOSECURITY AND FARM CHARACTERISTICS?**



Biosecurity status

Large variation:
Between herds
Between countries ($p < 0.01$)
External higher than internal

Associations

Higher internal & external biosecurity: Larger herd size ($p < 0.05$), Higher daily weight gain ($p < 0.05$)
Higher biosecurity: Lower score treatment against certain symptoms as proxy for disease incidence ($p < 0.05$)
No significant association biosecurity – weaned piglets/sow per year, mortality

CONCLUSION

Substantial room for improved biosecurity status pig herds
External biosecurity scores higher than internal biosecurity
Larger herds – better structured? – higher biosecurity
Higher biosecurity – healthier animals? – better daily weight gain