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Towards control of LA-MRSA

Simulation modeling of LA-MRSA spread between pig farms

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Background

Livestock-associated methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus of type CC398 (LA-MRSA) was found in 2005 in pigs and humans in the Netherlands (Voss et al., 2005). Since then, several other countries have detected LA-MRSA in pig herds (EFSA, 2009). There is a lack of knowledge regarding potential interventions.

Objective: Model the spread of LA-MRSA between herds and the impact of potential control strategies on the spread.

Material and methods

- 18,648 farms holding pigs in Denmark within the time period from 2006 to 2015
- Pig movement data from 2006 to 2015 (n = 10,168,106)
- 1) Dynamic network analysis
- 2) Simulation model of LA-MRSA spread between Danish pig herds





3) Assessment of the impact of strategies to control/eradicate LA-MRSA

- How do control strategies within a herd affect the spread of LA-MRSA between herds? \bullet
- How do general control strategies affect the spread of LA-MRSA between herds like lacksquare
 - Trade restrictions or purchase from herds with no or reduced levels of LA-MRSA
- Is eradication possible? Risk of re-infection! \bullet

References

1. EFSA (European Food Safety Authority) (2009). Analysis of the baseline- survey on the prevalence of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) in holdings with breeding pigs, in the EU, 2008. Part A. MRSA prevalence estimates; on request from the European Commission, EFSA J. 7, 1376.

Voss, A., Loeffen, F., Bakker, J., Klaassen, C., & Wulf, M. (2005). Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus in Pig Farming. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 11(12), 1965–1966.

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