**UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN** DEPARTMENT OF VETERINARY AND ANIMAL SCIENCES



# **Benchmarking Danish Pig and Cattle Veterinarians** on Antimicrobial Prescriptions – a Pilot Study

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### Background

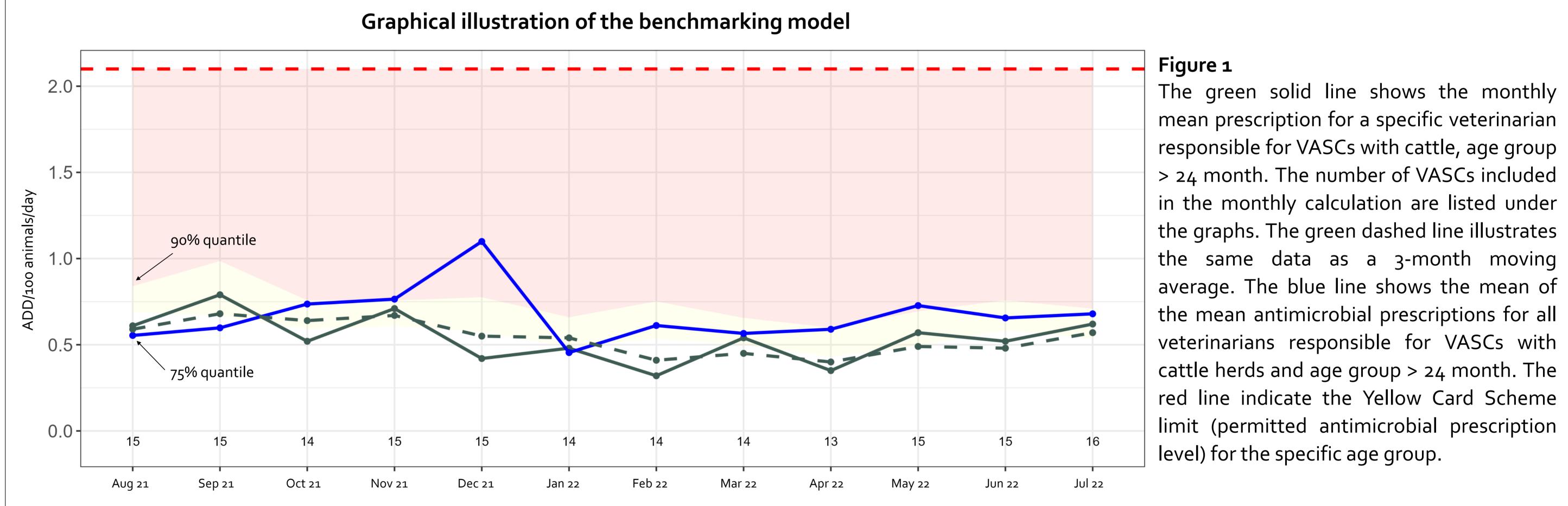
Benchmarking veterinarians on antimicrobial prescriptions is listed as a new initiative in the national action plan for antimicrobial

resistance in livestock from 2021. A research project was requested by the Danish Veterinary and Food Administration (DVFA) as a part of the veterinary public service agreement between DVFA and the University of Copenhagen. In this project, a benchmarking model was developed with input from a group of relevant stakeholders.

## The proposed benchmarking model

Antimicrobial prescription data from Danish pig and cattle herds with a Veterinary Advisory Service Contract (VASC) was extracted from VetStat. Data were grouped according to the VASC-responsible veterinarian at the time of each prescription. Veterinarians were compared based on mean percent treated animals per day (ADD/100 animals/day) for each species and predefined age groups.

**VetStat:** Official database with recordings of sales and prescription of veterinary medicine in Denmark. Data are used when monitoring antimicrobial prescription in pig and cattle herds as a part of the Yellow Card Scheme.



## **Pilot study: Veterinary practitioner feedback** survey of the proposed benchmarking model

<u>Aim:</u> To evaluate the Danish pig and cattle veterinarians' perception of the benchmarking model.

<u>Method</u>: Semi-structured online questionnaire including illustration of individual benchmarking graphs.

#### Results:

51 veterinarian participated (46 complete responses)

Table 1: Distribution of answers related to benchmarking of veterinarians in general

	Not at all	To some extend	To a great extend	Don't know		
Benchmarking of veterinarians' antimicrobial prescriptions is a good idea	7	26	9	9		
Benchmarking of veterinarians' antimicrobial prescriptions might contribute to a reduction in antimicrobial use in pigs	7	12	4	28		
Benchmarking of veterinarians' antimicrobial prescriptions might contribute to a reduction in antimicrobial use in cattle	13	21	1	16		
Benchmarking of veterinarians' antimicrobial prescriptions might enhance the exchange of experience between veterinary practitioners	14	22	4	11		

- Age; min: 26, Q<sub>1</sub>: 36, median: 42, Q<sub>3</sub>:53, max:77  $\bullet$
- The participant represented 6o8 VASC with pig herds and  $\bullet$ 253 VASC with cattle herds
- Relevant elements missing; Herd size, herd type, herd health status, antimicrobial classes, veterinary practices.

Conclusion: The results illustrate the schism between keeping a model simple and ensuring adequate descriptive value. A relevant basis of comparison is highly needed to ensure a perceived relevance by the veterinarians.

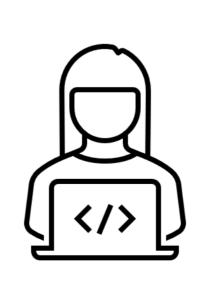


Table 2: Distribution of answers related to the individual g	graphs
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	Not at all	To some extend	To a great extend	Don't know
The benchmarking graphs are intuitive and understandable	1	18	26	2
The graphs contain relevant elements	4	25	15	3
The graphs reflect a relevant basis of comparison	6	21	11	9
The graphs reflect your own antimicrobial prescriptions within the specific age groups	3	15	19	10
Based on the graph you feel motivated to reconsider how/when/why you prescribe	28	12	2	5

