# What are the perceptions of commercial and household pigkeepers about African swine fever?

### **Background:**

African Swine Fever (ASF) has been identified in Ukraine and Estonia beginning in 2012 and 2014, respectively. Its introduction and spread to the pig sector can be prevented by strict compliance with biosecurity measures. The quality of their implementation may depend upon the pig keepers' awareness and perceptions regarding ASF.

## Aim:

This study used a participatory epidemiology approach to investigate pigkeepers' awareness of ASF signs, transmission routes, and preventive measures. Additionally, their acceptability of ASF control measures and perceptions towards stakeholders involved in ASF control was revealed.



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## **Materials & Methods:**

Study design: Participatory epidemiology (PE) approach

**PE tools:** Proportional piling, face emojis

Data collection: 10 focus group discussions per country Estonia (2019-2020), Ukraine (2021)

Estonia: 35 commercial farm managers (11 males, 24 females) Ukraine: 52 household pigkeepers (13 males, 39 females)

**Data analysis:** Semi-quantitative analysis

**Results:** 

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<b>Commercial pigkeepers</b>	Rank	Household pigkeepers			
(Estonia)		(Ukraine)			
The perceived most indicative	e ASF si	gns in domestic pigs			
Increased mortality	1	Fever			
Fever, inappetence, lethargy	2	Skin haemorrhages			
Haemorrhages on the body's surface	3	Inappetence			
The perceived most risky transmission routes of ASF virus introduction to					
the pig herd					
Transport	1	Rodents			
Rodents, birds, insects	2	Shoes			
People	3	Transport			
Farm visitors	4	Human			
The perceived most effecti	vo nroi	ventive measures			
	ve pre				
Farm training in biosecurity, informing the visitors	1	Disinfection of a pig holding			
Fencing	2	Access ban for people			

<b>Commercial pigkeepers</b> (Estonia)	Rank	Household pigkeepers (Ukraine)		
The most trustworthy stakeholders concerning the implementation of control measures in an appropriate manner				
Veterinary authority	2	Local veterinarian		
Local university of life sciences	3	Regional veterinary hospital		
Hunters	4	Local government		
Pig Breeding Association	5	Veterinary authority		
Perceived consequences of ASF a	zoning <b>v</b>	with the highest impact on the		
pigkeepers				
Restrictions on trading pigs and pork products*	1	Economic loss		
Lower meat prices	2	Psychological stress		
Economic loss	3	Slaughter of pigs for own consumption		
isted element by the facilitator prior to the task				

Changing clothes, footwear Disinfection barriers for people and vehicles

Change of clothes, shoes

Rodents and flies control

# **Conclusions and Recommendations:**

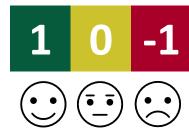
Pigkeepers in Estonia and in Ukraine are well aware of ASF clinical features, modes of transmission, and preventive measures.

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- However, some farm-level ASF control measures should be explained thoroughly to pigkeepers to assure their better acceptance.
- Commercial and household pigkeepers from both countries perceive ASF zoning measures in the restricted zones harmful for their farm economy and personal wellbeing.
- The existing reimbursement system should be adjusted to cover pigkeepers' actual expenses during the ASF outbreak.

(Estonia)	(Ukr
Acceptance	
1.0	C
1.0	1
0.3	(
-0.3	(
	Accept 1.0 1.0 0.3



Household

pigkeepers

(Ukraine)

0.9

1.0

0.4

0.3

Commercial

pigkeepers



