## **ENVIRE: Interventions to control** the dynamics of antimicrobial resistance from chickens through the environment



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Introduction

## Methodology

**Different intervention studies will investigate the** potential of various on-farm measures:



Use of antibiotics in broiler chicken production results in the increase of antimicrobial resistance.

**Our goal is to contribute** to the reduction of the selection and the spread of antimicrobial resistance bacteria in broilers and from chicken farms to the environment, and ultimately to humans.



The focus will be laid on resistant Enterobacteriaceae, with a particular focus on ESBL E. coli.



**Antibiotic free** chickens raising



**Phytotherapy as** alternative for antibiotics



**Treatment or** storage of manure



**Application of** bacteriophages



**Depollution of farm** effluents



Vaccination

The results of these studies will be applied to the Quantitative Microbial Risk Assessment (QMRA) model (WP3), to evaluate their impact on human exposure.





A Quantitative Microbial Risk Assessment model is being developed to evaluate the effect of the selected interventions and to acknowledge the process of antimicrobial resistance selection, release, spread, and human exposure, via three pathways:





**I. foodborne -** via consumption of chicken products,

**II. occupational -** via direct contact with positive flocks,

**III. environmental –** via recreational swimming, consumption of contaminated drinking water and fresh produce contaminated through chicken manure spread.



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